



ARCS: 292-30  
File: TRA-2011-00071

September 13, 2011

Sent via email:

Dear :

**Re: Request for Access to Records**  
***Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act (FOIPPA)***

I am writing further to your request received by the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure. Your request is for:

*Any and all written, electronic, or other physical records of interactions or communications of any kind from the Ministry of Transportation and Infrastructure to Smart!Centres Inc between January 1, 2009 and December 31, 2010, with reference to plans or intentions to modify the TransCanada Highway in around Salmon Arm, BC.*

Please find enclosed a copy of the records located in response to your request. Some information has been withheld pursuant to section(s) 13 (Policy advice or recommendations), 21 (Disclosure harmful to business interests of a third party), and 22 (Disclosure harmful to personal privacy) of FOIPPA. In addition, some information was removed as not responsive to your request. Copies of these sections of FOIPPA are provided for your reference. A complete copy of FOIPPA is available online at:

[http://www.bclaws.ca/EPLibraries/bclaws\\_new/document/ID/freeside/96165\\_00](http://www.bclaws.ca/EPLibraries/bclaws_new/document/ID/freeside/96165_00)

Your file is now closed.

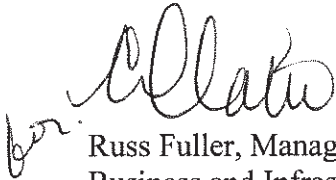
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As part of the BC Government's new Open Information initiative, this response and the enclosed records will be published on the Open Information website a minimum of 72 hours after it is released electronically or a minimum of five business days after it has been released by mail in hardcopy. To find out more about Open Information, please access the Open Information website at: <http://www.openinfo.gov.bc.ca/ibc/index.page>

If you have any questions regarding your request, please contact Marion Ashton, the analyst assigned to your request, at 250-952-0898. This number can be reached toll-free by calling from Vancouver, 604-660-7867, or from elsewhere in BC, 1-800-663-7867 and asking to be transferred to 250-952-0898.

You have the right to ask the Information and Privacy Commissioner to review this decision. I have enclosed information on the review and complaint process.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Russ Fuller", is written over a faint, larger signature that appears to be "Marion Ashton".

Russ Fuller, Manager  
Business and Infrastructure Team  
Information Access Operations

Enclosures

<p>How to Request a Review with the Office of the Information and Privacy Commissioner</p>
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If you have any questions regarding your request please contact the analyst assigned to your file. The analyst's name and telephone number are listed in the attached letter.

Pursuant to section 52 of the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* (FOIPPA), you may ask the Office of the Information and Privacy Commissioner to review any decision, act, or failure to act with regard to your request under FOIPPA.

**Please note that you have 30 business days to file your review with the Office of the Information and Privacy Commissioner. In order to request a review please write to:**

Information and Privacy Commissioner  
PO Box 9038 Stn Prov Govt  
4th Floor, 947 Fort Street  
Victoria BC V8W 9A4  
Telephone 250-387-5629      Fax 250-387-1696

If you request a review, please provide the Commissioner's Office with:

1. A copy of your original request;
2. A copy of our response; and
3. The reasons or grounds upon which you are requesting the review.

- 13 (1) The head of a public body may refuse to disclose to an applicant information that would reveal advice or recommendations developed by or for a public body or a minister.
- (2) The head of a public body must not refuse to disclose under subsection (1)
- (a) any factual material,
  - (b) a public opinion poll,
  - (c) a statistical survey,
  - (d) an appraisal,
  - (e) an economic forecast,
  - (f) an environmental impact statement or similar information,
  - (g) a final report or final audit on the performance or efficiency of a public body or on any of its programs or policies,
  - (h) a consumer test report or a report of a test carried out on a product to test equipment of the public body,
  - (i) a feasibility or technical study, including a cost estimate, relating to a policy or project of the public body,
  - (j) a report on the results of field research undertaken before a policy proposal is formulated,
  - (k) a report of a task force, committee, council or similar body that has been established to consider any matter and make reports or recommendations to a public body,
  - (l) a plan or proposal to establish a new program or to change a program, if the plan or proposal has been approved or rejected by the head of the public body,
  - (m) information that the head of the public body has cited publicly as the basis for making a decision or formulating a policy, or
  - (n) a decision, including reasons, that is made in the exercise of a discretionary power or an adjudicative function and that affects the rights of the applicant.
- (3) Subsection (1) does not apply to information in a record that has been in existence for 10 or more years.

### **Disclosure harmful to business interests of a third party**

- 21. (1)** The head of a public body must refuse to disclose to an applicant information
- (a) that would reveal
    - (i) trade secrets of a third party, or
    - (ii) commercial, financial, labour relations, scientific or technical information of or about a third party,
  - (b) that is supplied, implicitly or explicitly, in confidence, and
  - (c) the disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to
    - (i) harm significantly the competitive position or interfere significantly with the negotiating position of the third party,
    - (ii) result in similar information no longer being supplied to the public body when it is in the public interest that similar information continue to be supplied,
    - (iii) result in undue financial loss or gain to any person or organization, or
    - (iv) reveal information supplied to, or the report of, an arbitrator, mediator, labour relations officer or other person or body appointed to resolve or inquire into a labour relations dispute.
- (2)** The head of a public body must refuse to disclose to an applicant information that was obtained on a tax return or gathered for the purpose of determining tax liability or collecting a tax.
- (3)** Subsections (1) and (2) do not apply if
- (a) the third party consents to the disclosure, or
  - (b) the information is in a record that is in the custody or control of the British Columbia Archives or the archives of a public body and that has been in existence for 50 or more years.

## Disclosure harmful to personal privacy

22. (1) The head of a public body must refuse to disclose personal information to an applicant if the disclosure would be an unreasonable invasion of a third party's personal privacy.
- (2) In determining under subsection (1) or (3) whether a disclosure of personal information constitutes an unreasonable invasion of a third party's personal privacy, the head of a public body must consider all the relevant circumstances, including whether
- (a) the disclosure is desirable for the purpose of subjecting the activities of the government of British Columbia or a public body to public scrutiny,
  - (b) the disclosure is likely to promote public health and safety or to promote the protection of the environment,
  - (c) the personal information is relevant to a fair determination of the applicant's rights,
  - (d) the disclosure will assist in researching or validating the claims, disputes or grievances of aboriginal people,
  - (e) the third party will be exposed unfairly to financial or other harm,
  - (f) the personal information has been supplied in confidence,
  - (g) the personal information is likely to be inaccurate or unreliable, and
  - (h) the disclosure may unfairly damage the reputation of any person referred to in the record requested by the applicant.
- (3) A disclosure of personal information is presumed to be an unreasonable invasion of a third party's personal privacy if
- (a) the personal information relates to a medical, psychiatric or psychological history, diagnosis, condition, treatment or evaluation,
  - (b) the personal information was compiled and is identifiable as part of an investigation into a possible violation of law, except to the extent that disclosure is necessary to prosecute the violation or to continue the investigation,
  - (c) the personal information relates to eligibility for income assistance or social service benefits or to the determination of benefit levels,
  - (d) the personal information relates to employment, occupational or educational history,
  - (e) the personal information was obtained on a tax return or gathered for the purpose of collecting a tax,
  - (f) the personal information describes the third party's finances, income, assets, liabilities, net worth, bank balances, financial history or activities, or creditworthiness,
  - (g) the personal information consists of personal recommendations or evaluations, character references or personnel evaluations about the third party,
  - (h) the disclosure could reasonably be expected to reveal that the third party supplied, in confidence, a personal recommendation or evaluation, character reference or personnel evaluation,



- (i) the personal information indicates the third party's racial or ethnic origin, sexual orientation or religious or political beliefs or associations, or
  - (j) the personal information consists of the third party's name, address, or telephone number and is to be used for mailing lists or solicitations by telephone or other means.
- (4) A disclosure of personal information is not an unreasonable invasion of a third party's personal privacy if
- (a) the third party has, in writing, consented to or requested the disclosure,
  - (b) there are compelling circumstances affecting anyone's health or safety and notice of disclosure is mailed to the last known address of the third party,
  - (c) an enactment of British Columbia or Canada authorizes the disclosure,
  - (d) the disclosure is for a research or statistical purpose and is in accordance with section 35,
  - (e) the information is about the third party's position, functions or remuneration as an officer, employee or member of a public body or as a member of a minister's staff,
  - (f) the disclosure reveals financial and other details of a contract to supply goods or services to a public body,
  - (g) public access to the information is provided under the *Financial Information Act*,
  - (h) the information is about expenses incurred by the third party while travelling at the expense of a public body,
  - (i) the disclosure reveals details of a licence, permit or other similar discretionary benefit granted to the third party by a public body, not including personal information supplied in support of the application for the benefit, or
  - (j) the disclosure reveals details of a discretionary benefit of a financial nature granted to the third party by a public body, not including personal information that is supplied in support of the application for the benefit or is referred to in subsection (3) (c).
- (5) On refusing, under this section, to disclose personal information supplied in confidence about an applicant, the head of the public body must give the applicant a summary of the information unless the summary cannot be prepared without disclosing the identity of a third party who supplied the personal information.
- (6) The head of the public body may allow the third party to prepare the summary of personal information under subsection (5).