

Directions for Learning Supports in BC

February 21, 2014 Crosscurrents

Student reporting data and what it tells us Questions

Curriculum development

- where things are and how to stay engaged in the process

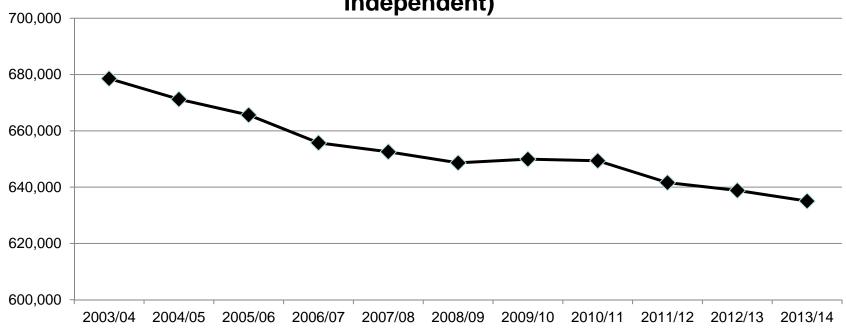
Paradigm shift

- The systems response to today's learners
- Ministry supports
 - -Provincial Outreach Programs
 - -Partnerships in innovation

Communicating Student Learning



Number of Students 2003-04 to 2013-14 (Public and Independent)



Provincial Level Overview by Category

Category	Ttl # 12/13	Ttl # 13/14	\	% of Prov. Enrol.	% change from 12/13
Dependent Handicapped/Deafblind	629	602	27	0.11	4.4
Mod to Prf. Int. Disabilities	1,884	1,820	64	0.33	3.4
Physical Dis./Chr. Hlth. Impairment	7,213	7,425	212	1.37	3.0
Visual Impairments	331	316	15	0.06	4.5
Deaf/Hard of Hearing	1,051	1,012	39	0.19	3.7
Autism Spectrum Disorder	6,285	6,749	464	1.24	7.4
Intens.Beh.Interv./Serious. Mntl. Illness	6,903	7,067	164	1.30	2.4
Mild Intellectual Disabilities	2,129	2112	17	0.39	0.8
Gifted	6,470	6,004	466	1.10	7.2
Learning Disabilities	18,312	18,381	69	3.38	0.4
Mod. Behav. Support/Mental Illness	5,740	5,529	211	1.02	3.7
Totals:	56,947	57,017	333	10.48	0.1

Status of Curriculum Development:

Areas of Learning (K-9):

- English Language Arts
- Mathematics
- Science
- Social Studies
- Arts Education January posting
- Français Langue Seconde Immersion in process
- Français Langue Premiere in process
- Health and PE in process
- Languages in process/under discussion
- Applied Skills & Career under discussion

Grade 10-12 – under discussion; concept coming



https://curriculum.gov.bc.ca/feedback

Curriculum Review Process: 2013-14

Curriculum will be revised based on feedback received:

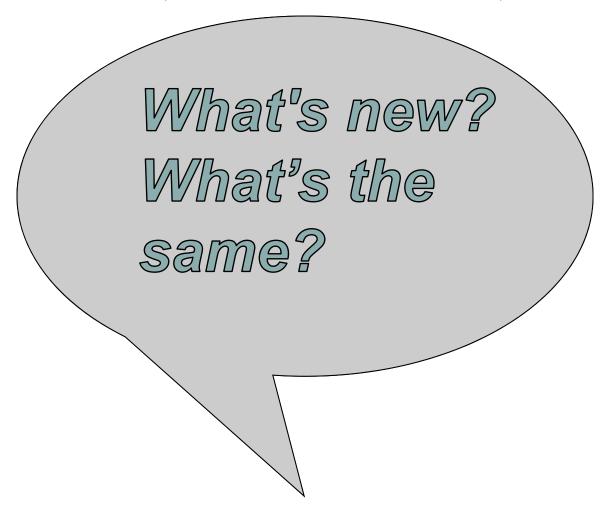
- See review process at: <u>https://curriculum.gov.bc.ca/feedback</u>
 - Public questionnaire
 - BCTF forum
 - Twitter hashtag #bccurric
- Orientation and reviews occurring in schools and districts throughout the province
- Feedback from public, organizations, groups, school/district-based teams and professional networks
- Standing Committee on Provincial Curriculum

Curriculum: Further Developments

- K-9 curriculum drafts will be further refined; timeline for completion is dependent on the feedback received
- Further website enhancements will be explored such as accessing curriculum "horizontally" by themes and big ideas
- Additional support material (e.g., instructional models) to be developed

- Consultations are on underway regarding Applied Skills
- The 2011 Core French curriculum draft will be restructured to align with the new curriculum design
- Consultations regarding graduation requirements will continue
- Work will begin on conceptualizing Grade 10-12 curricula
- Consultations on assessment and communicating student learning (reporting) will continue as well

Math, Science, Social Studies, ELA, Arts



Mathematics

What's the Same?	What's New?
A focus on Problem Solving	Financial Literacy at grades 1-9
Concepts and content related to 4 strands (e.g., Number sense, patterns and relations etc.)	More consistency K-9 (e.g., stats and probability)
Mathematical processes (e.g., mental math, estimation); WNCP, NCTM related	

- •Some suggesting still too much content, especially at grades 8 and 9
- •Grappling with how to authentically embed Aboriginal world views in standards
- •Some media attention about "back to the basics"

Science

What's the same?	What's New?
All areas of science are still represented (biology, physics, chemistry, earth/space science)	Fewer concepts to allow for substantial inquiry time.
Skills and processes remain integral part of competencies but (now introduced at K and grow in sophistication)	Organizers have an inquiry focus (questioning and predicting, evaluating etc.)
	Updated to reflect new information (quantum physics)

- •Some feedback about the movement of topics
- Conceptual topics may be too high level at some grades
- •Too much content at grade 8
- •Not enough environmental/sustainability focus

Language Arts

What's the Same?	What's New?
Focus on the interrelated and integrated elements of reading, writing, speaking, listening	Increased Emphasis on Literature, Story and Aboriginal worldviews
Emphasis on the importance of the reading and writing process and development of strong literacy and communication skills	The Learning Standards grouped into two organizers: -Comprehending and Connecting -Creating and Communicating
A broad definition of text (oral, visual, written and digital)	Learning Standards currently organized in grade bands K-2, 3-5, 6-7, 8-9

•Learning standards may not be specific enough or delineated enough by grade level

Social Studies

What's the Same?	What's New?
Overall types of topics have not changed dramatically (e.g., Canadian History and Government)	Designed around Historical and Geographical Thinking skills
The development of educated, active citizens remains an important focus	The focus is on depth rather than breadth
	Multiple perspectives infused, particularly Aboriginal, via curricular competencies and content

- •Some feedback about the movement of topics down a grade or so
- •Geography needs to be strengthened (to be worked on)

Arts Education

What's the Same?	What's new?
The four disciplines—dance, drama,	Shift from the name "Fine Arts" to "Arts
music, and visual art—remain at the	Education"
core of Arts Education.	
Each discipline still has its own essential	The four disciplines—dance, drama,
elements, processes, skills, and	music, and visual art—are now
techniques.	integrated from Kindergarten to Grade
	8.
	The artistic habits of mind serve as
	organizers for the curricular
	competencies in each grade.

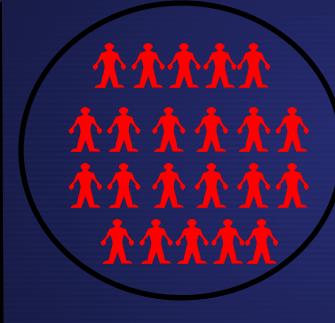




Ministry of Education

The "traditional" model of Special Education









Sea of Ineligibility

General Education

From	То
Special Education	Learning Support for all
"Your kids"	"Our kids"
"Spray and pray" supports for teachers	Supported, ongoing in- service
Teaching in isolation	Collaborative approaches
Planning for students	Planning with students
Pre-service optional	Pre-service integral



- ✓ Student and school readiness
- ✓ Cross sector support for transition in and out of school
- ✓ RTI and universal design as provincial frameworks
 to meet the needs of all learners
- Building teacher and district capacity to support all learners
- ✓ Teachers supported to work with students in classrooms



- Needs-based not "designation"- based support and resource allocation
- Student support beginning with functional assessments
- ✓ Transparent allocation of resources and supports
- √ Teachers supporting students not paperwork
- Quality reviews and plans for improvement rather than compliance audits
- ✓ Self directed IEPs as much as possible

Continua of Needs

Continua of practice

Continua of Support

Intensive Needs

Intensive monitoring, data collection, and one-on-one interventions Intensive individual interventions, (i.e., intensive professional services, support workers, medical or community based services/referrals)

Moderate needs

Increased monitoring, data collection and small group interventions Targeted/group practices, i.e., adaptations, assistive technology, multidisciplinary team/interagency; direct services

Mild needs

Universal monitoring and classroom interventions

Classroom-based, school-wide interventions, i.e., differentiated instruction, design for learning, inclusive practices



Action Research Projects

Provincial Outreach Program Action Research Projects

Special Education District Innovation Project

- •RTI
- Differentiation of Instruction and universal design
- Early Intervention practices
- Transition Years Model

District - based Initiatives

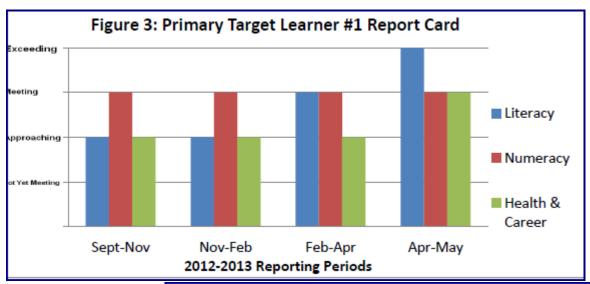
Aboriginal ways of knowing Literacy

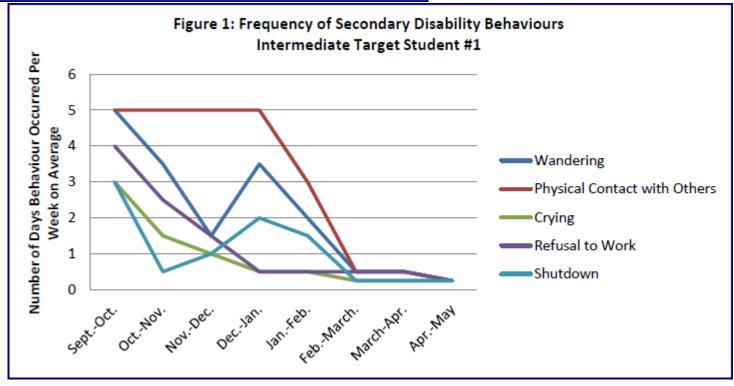
Provincial Outreach Programs

- Deaf Outreach
- SET BC
- POPFASD
- POPARD
- DeafBlind Outreach
- Integration Outreach (formerly PISP)
- PRCVI
- Auditory Outreach
- POPEI

Effectiveness of the LEIC Planning Tool in Fostering Successful School Experiences







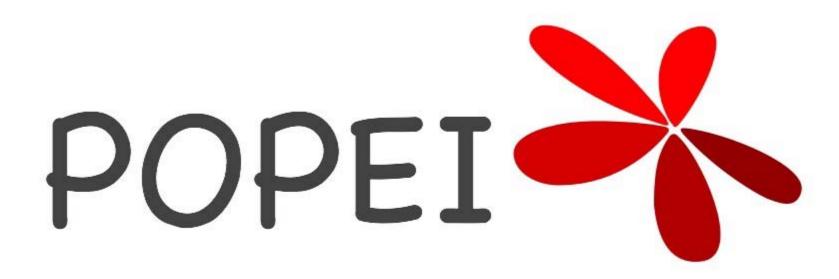
- residual effects of good fit accommodations felt classroom and school wide
- just walking into his classroom these accommodations had a class-wide positive effect
- not only to the success of ACES most vulnerable students, but also a culture of open collaboration among all staff
- shift staff understanding from "our students won't do it", to "our students can't do it"
- less time was spent on punishing bad behaviour and more time on coming up with and implementing good-fit strategies

Recommendations

"Because of the positive effects identified in this project, it is recommended that teachers from around the province use the LEIC tool for learners that struggle in traditional classroom settings. A project similar to this one would be recommended for a school with a high incidence of learners that struggle in traditional classroom settings. "

Contact for more information: www.fasdoutreach.ca

Early Intervention



Provincial Outreach Program for Early Intervention

District Innovation Projects 2012-13

COLLABORATIVE ACTION RESEARCH

- Ten (10) Special Education District Innovation projects were selected from across the province.
- Each district selected was given a grant of \$30,000 to support their project.
- Projects focused on
 - Differentiation of Instruction: RTI and universal design
 - Student Self-Determination
 - Early Intervention practices
 - Transition Years Model

Differentiation of Instruction: RTI and universal design

Nanaimo SD reframing teams

Student Self Determination

SD 52 (Prince Rupert) Science 9

Transitions In and Out of School

• SD 23 (Central Okanagan)

The "most important outcome"

 Every single project reported this was the best professional development experience they had ever had

Communicating Student Learning

- Shift from "reporting" to "communicating student learning"
- Support meaningful communication between teachers, parents and learners
- Report on core competencies and key areas of learning
- Focus on learning standards (curricular competencies and content/concepts) in areas of learning (subjects)
- Enable ongoing communication (with provincial guidelines and supports)
- Maintain formal, written summative reports at key times in the year
- Use clear performance standards-based language
- Move toward meaningful descriptions/collections/demonstrations of student learning.

Stay Connected!

If you would like to get involved in the CSL Network or engage in further discussions on CSL in your district and communities, please visit:

https://curriculum.gov.bc.ca/assessment



Questions?