

SUPPLY ACT (NO. 1), 2021

(INTERIM SUPPLY)

Minister Selina Robinson

March 2021

SUPPLY ACT (NO. 1), 2021 (INTERIM SUPPLY)

CONTENTS

Tab

First Reading Notes	1
Second Reading Notes	2
TBS and GCPE Q&As	3
Third Reading Notes & Committee Notes	4
Bill 10 – <i>Supply Act (No. 1), 2021 – (Interim Supply)</i>	5
Background – Recent History of Passage of Supply Bills	6

FIRST READING NOTES

BILL 10 – 2021

SUPPLY ACT (NO.1), 2021

When Introduction of Bills is called,

the Speaker will acknowledge the Minister of Finance.

**HONOURABLE SPEAKER, I HAVE THE
HONOUR TO PRESENT A MESSAGE FROM
HER HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT
GOVERNOR.**

Minister of Finance gives message to the Chamber Attendant.

Chamber Attendant takes message to the Honourable Speaker.

The Speaker reads the message.

The Speaker will acknowledge the Minister of Finance.

**HONOURABLE SPEAKER, I MOVE THAT
BILL 10, *SUPPLY ACT (NO. 1), 2021*, BE
INTRODUCED AND READ A FIRST TIME
NOW.**

FIRST READING NOTES

BILL 10 – 2021

SUPPLY ACT (NO.1), 2021

(Minister does not wait for the Speaker to put the question, and goes directly into first reading remarks.)

HONOURABLE SPEAKER, BILL 10 PROVIDES INTERIM SUPPLY FOR MINISTRY OPERATIONS AND OTHER APPROPRIATIONS FOR APPROXIMATELY THE FIRST THREE MONTHS OF THE 2021-2022 FISCAL YEAR.

BILL 10 ALSO PROVIDES INTERIM SUPPLY FOR A PORTION OF GOVERNMENT'S ANTICIPATED FINANCING REQUIREMENTS FOR THE 2021-2022 FISCAL YEAR, INCLUDING:

- **AN AMOUNT EQUALING ONE-THIRD OF FISCAL YEAR 2020-21 ESTIMATED CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, LOANS, INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCING REQUIREMENTS, AND**
- **AN AMOUNT EQUALING ONE-HALF OF FISCAL YEAR 2020-21 ESTIMATED DISBURSEMENTS FOR REVENUES COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF, AND TRANSFERRED TO, SPECIFIC PROGRAMS AND ENTITIES.**

The Speaker puts the question.

FIRST READING NOTES

BILL 10 – 2021

SUPPLY ACT (NO.1), 2021

The Speaker will acknowledge the Minister of Finance.

**HONOURABLE SPEAKER, I MOVE THAT
BILL 10 BE PLACED ON THE ORDERS OF
THE DAY FOR SECOND READING AT THE
NEXT SITTING OF THE HOUSE AFTER
TODAY.**

The Speaker puts the question.

House Leader calls second reading of bill.

Minister stands to be recognized by the Speaker.

The Speaker calls upon the Minister of Finance.

**HONOURABLE SPEAKER, I MOVE THAT
BILL 10 , THE *SUPPLY ACT (NO.1), 2021*,
BE READ A SECOND TIME NOW.**

**HONOURABLE SPEAKER, EXISTING
VOTED APPROPRIATIONS WILL EXPIRE
ON MARCH 31, 2021.**

Next Page

BILL 10 PROVIDES INTERIM SUPPLY FOR MINISTRY OPERATIONS AND OTHER APPROPRIATIONS FOR APPROXIMATELY THE FIRST THREE MONTHS OF THE 2021-2022 FISCAL YEAR UNTIL THE 2021-2022 ESTIMATES ARE PRESENTED AND THE HOUSE COMPLETES DEBATE OF THE APPROPRIATIONS IN THOSE ESTIMATES.

INTERIM SUPPLY FOR MINISTRY OPERATIONS AND OTHER APPROPRIATIONS IS REQUIRED TO ENSURE CONTINUATION OF GOVERNMENT SERVICES UNTIL THE FINAL SUPPLY BILL COMES INTO FORCE.

HONOURABLE SPEAKER, THIS BILL IS DIFFERENT FROM INTERIM SUPPLY BILLS THAT ARE USUALLY PRESENTED TO THE HOUSE EACH YEAR. THIS INTERIM SUPPLY BILL IS BEING PRESENTED BEFORE THE MAIN ESTIMATES HAVE BEEN PRESENTED. THEREFORE, THE CALCULATION OF THE AMOUNTS REQUIRED FOR GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS AND SERVICES IS BASED ON THE APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR AS THIS IS CONSIDERED A GOOD APPROXIMATION.

HONOURABLE SPEAKER, BILL 10 ALSO PROVIDES ONE-THIRD OF THE COMBINED VOTED AMOUNTS IN SCHEDULES "C" AND "D" OF THE 2020-2021 ESTIMATES FOR DISBURSEMENTS RELATED TO CAPITAL EXPENDITURES, LOANS, INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCING REQUIREMENTS. THE 1/3 AUTHORIZATION PROVIDED FOR IN RELATION TO THESE DISBURSEMENTS IS HIGHER THAN PROPORTION AUTHORIZED IN RELATION TO MINISTRY OPERATIONS AS THE DISBURSEMENTS DESCRIBED IN SCHEDULES "C" AND "D" ARE NOT EVENLY DISTRIBUTED THROUGHOUT THE YEAR;

THEREFORE THE HIGHER LEVEL OF INTERIM SUPPLY IS REQUIRED TO ACCOMMODATE THE PAYMENTS THAT WILL BE MADE UNDER THESE SCHEDULES.

HONOURABLE SPEAKER, BILL 10 ALSO AUTHORIZES ONE HALF OF THE DISBURSEMENTS REFERRED TO IN SCHEDULE "E" OF THE 2020-2021 ESTIMATES.

SCHEDULE "E" OF THE ESTIMATES OUTLINES THE REVENUE COLLECTED ON BEHALF OF, AND TRANSFERRED TO, SPECIFIC PROGRAMS OR ENTITIES.

**THERE IS NO IMPACT ON THE
OPERATING RESULTS, BORROWING OR
DEBT RESULTING FROM THE COLLECTION
AND TRANSFER OF THIS REVENUE.**

**HONOURABLE SPEAKER, THESE INTERIM
SUPPLY APPROPRIATIONS ARE BASED
ON THE ACCOUNTABILITIES AND
ALLOCATIONS OUTLINED IN THE 2020-
2021 ESTIMATES AND WILL ALLOW THE
GOVERNMENT TO REMAIN FUNDED
UNTIL THE MAIN ESTIMATES FOR 2021-
2022 ARE PRESENTED AND PASSED.**

THE FINAL SUPPLY BILL FOR THE 2021-2022 FISCAL YEAR WILL INCORPORATE THESE AMOUNTS TO ENSURE IT REFLECTS THE SUM OF ALL VOTED APPROPRIATIONS TO BE GIVEN TO GOVERNMENT IN THAT FISCAL YEAR.

THANK YOU, HONOURABLE SPEAKER.

House debate occurs at this point.

Once all debate is over, the Speaker acknowledges the Minister of Finance to close debate.

HONOURABLE SPEAKER, I MOVE SECOND READING OF BILL 10, THE *SUPPLY ACT (NO. 1), 2021*.

The Speaker puts the question.

The Speaker acknowledges the Minister of Finance

**HONOURABLE SPEAKER, I MOVE THAT
BILL 10 BE COMMITTED TO A COMMITTEE
OF THE WHOLE HOUSE FOR
CONSIDERATION AT THE NEXT SITTING
AFTER TODAY.**

The Speaker puts the question.

TBS Q&As

Budget after year-end

Q: s.12

Key Messages:

- s.12
-
-

Background:

s.12

Interim Supply before Budget 2021

Q: ^{s.12}

s.12

Key Messages:

- s.12

-

Section 1 – Interpretation

Q: Could you explain why the interpretations reference the main Estimates for the year ending March 31, 2021 to read as if they were the main Estimates for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022?

Key Messages:

- **This Interim Supply Bill is based on the main Estimates for the previous fiscal year, ending March 31, 2021 since main Estimates for March 31, 2022 have not yet been tabled. This has necessitated that certain things are defined differently than in other years, which is done through this section.**
- **This section realigns this interim supply act with the Estimates for 2020/2021. This “realignment” has the effect that those previous-year Estimates can now serve as if they were the Estimates of 2021/2022 for the purpose of this Interim Supply Bill, and all the spending authority in Voted Appropriations in those Estimates will apply in the new fiscal year.**
- **The realignment is specifically required because of FAA Section 23(2) which reads: A sum appropriated by a Supply Act must not be spent for any purpose other than those described in the estimates of revenue and expenditure, or in excess of the amounts contained in the estimates of revenue and expenditure. The Interim Supply Bill is based on the main Estimates for the previous fiscal year The Financial Administration Act allows for special warrants after a fall General Election.**

Section 2 – Voted expenses appropriation

Q: Section 2 proposes \$12.3 billion. Could you explain this amount?

Key Messages:

- **Supply is being sought for approximately three months, to allow for tabling of the budget and completion of the Estimates debates.**
- **The amount of supply has been calculated as 3/12ths of the operating Votes in the main Estimates for 2020/21.**
 - **Amount is equal to 1/4 of the total voted appropriations**
 - **\$49,220,431,000 x 25% = \$12,305,108,000**
 - **In the past we have used a proportion of estimates ranging between 2 months to 6 months, and in the past couple of years this has been 3 months, which is the same as in the current Interim Supply Bill.**

Section 3 – Voted financing transactions appropriation

Q: Section 3 proposes \$365.2 million. Could you explain this amount?

Key Messages:

- **Supply is being sought to allow for tabling of the budget and completion of the Estimates debates.**
- **Financing transactions have an uneven fund distribution mainly due to the nature of capital projects. It is hard to determine when the final payment will have to be made and there maybe construction issues which could affect the timing of projects.**
- **The amount of supply has been calculated as 1/3rd of the total expenditures detailed in Schedule C and Schedule D in the main Estimates for 2020/21, which is consistent with past practice.**
 - **Schedule C $\$513,698,000 \times 33.3\% = 171,233,000$ (Pg. 196 of the Supplement to the Estimates (March 31, 2021))**
 - **Schedule D $\$581,787,000 \times 33.3\% = \$193,929,000$ (Pg. 197 of the Supplement to the Estimates (March 31, 2020))**
 - **Total $\$365,162,000$ ($\$171\text{M} + \$194\text{M} = \$365\text{M}$)**

Section 4 – Voted revenue transfers appropriation

Q: Could you walk through what section 4 does?

Key Messages:

- **Refers to revenues that we collect and pass on. The majority of transfers are for the collection and transfer of the fuel tax for BC Transit, BC Transportation Financing Authority, and South Coast BC Transportation Authority; and for the collection and transfer of property taxes for rural areas.**
- **As with the financing transactions for capital and loans in section 3, these appropriations are unevenly distributed during the year, therefore the request is for 50 percent of the total, rather than just requesting $\frac{1}{4}$, like the operating appropriations.**
 - **There is no impact on the surplus or debt and this ensures that routine operations of government continue to occur.**

GCPE Q&As
Key Messages | Q&A
Interim Supply Bill
March 4, 2021

- **It is important for people, businesses and communities to know that support will be there for them, regardless of the timing of budget.**
- **We've come a long way together, but the road to recovery is still ahead of us and our support will continue for British Columbians.**
- **As is common practice every year, the Province passes an interim supply bill to ensure current supports and services can continue while the new budget is debated in the legislature.**
- **We always have interim supply well past the end of the fiscal year to allow for our robust estimates debate.**
- **By moving the budget to April, this gives us greater time to connect with businesses and people and develop an effective longer-term plan that builds on all of our current supports.**
- **Budget 2021 will continue to focus on keeping people safe through the pandemic, and we will do this with an eye to how we position our province to seize the opportunities that recovery will offer.**

Questions & Answers

1. ^{s.13}

- It is important for people, businesses and communities to know that support will be there for them, regardless of the timing of budget.
- This interim supply bill to ensure current supports and services can continue while the new budget is debated in the legislature.
- In the meantime, we are continuing to announce new and updated programs and many previously announced supports are continuing.
- In fact, just this morning, Minister Kahlon announced the extension of the Small- and Medium-sized Business Grants until August 31 and adjusted the requirement for a business to demonstrate revenue loss from 70% to 30%.
- We are helping people now. The Province's \$10 billion COVID-19 response is protecting people's health and livelihoods and investing in stronger communities and a bright future.
- We will continue to be responsive to the needs of people, businesses and communities to see them through the pandemic and into a strong economic recovery that supports all British Columbians.

2. What will Budget 2021 be focused on? Will we see new COVID-19 services and supports?

- Budget 2021 will continue to focus on keeping people safe through the pandemic, and we will do this with an eye to how we position our province to seize the opportunities that recovery will offer.
- The path forward is not the same for all people or sectors of the economy and, recognizing this, our support and investment must be more targeted now.

- At the start of the pandemic, with greater uncertainty about how the impacts would be felt, we invested with broad tools to quickly provide support to as many people as possible.
- As we continue through our pandemic response and recovery, and identify those most affected, our support has become more targeted to address the specific needs of particular groups and sectors.
- At the same time, we are maintaining the flexibility to respond to new and changing circumstances, and support people and businesses across B.C.
- In fact, just this morning, Minister Kahlon announced the extension of the Small- and Medium-sized Business Grants until August 31 and adjusted the requirement for a business to demonstrate revenue loss from 70% to 30%.
- You will see this flexibility reflected now, in our day to day decisions, and you will see that reflected in our budget.

3. If the budget hadn't been delayed to April, would this interim supply bill have been required?

- We always have interim supply well past the end of the fiscal year to allow for our robust estimates debate.
- An interim supply bill is common practice to ensure current supports and services can continue while the new budget is debated in the Legislature.
- As in other years, the Interim Supply Bill provides temporary legal authority for the government to continue the programs and services into the new fiscal year.
- Budget 2021 is an important part of a strong, long-term economic recovery that positions British Columbia for success in a post-pandemic world.
- It was important to us that we took the time to connect with businesses and people to develop a meaningful and longer-term plan that builds on all of our current supports.

4. When will estimates be held this year?

- Estimates debates will proceed after the budget is presented to the Legislative Assembly on April 20.
- We'll have a few weeks to work on other legislative business before I table the budget.
- This means that, even though budget is being tabled later than a regular year, we don't anticipate the final supply bill will be delayed to much later than usual.

5. How will school districts plan for the next fiscal year if they don't know their budget until the end of April?

- The Province works closely with all of our government-funded agencies to ensure they have the information they need to plan and prepare for the upcoming fiscal year.
- This year will be no different – and we will also ensure all government-funded agencies have what they need in the interim.

6. Does this Interim Supply Bill mean more debt for the 2020-21 fiscal year?

- The Interim Supply Bill is for the upcoming fiscal year 2021-22, and it does not impact the current fiscal year.

7. How much will this cost?

- The total amount appropriated for voted operating expenses is \$12.3 billion.
- This amount is not in addition to Budget 2021 – it is portion of Budget 2021's total to support the continuation of programs and services in the interim period.
- As in other years, the Interim Supply Bill provides temporary legal authority for the government to continue the programs and services into the new fiscal year.

8. How much is the Provincial deficit now?

- We released a Provincial economic update in December that included an update on the Province's deficit.
- B.C.'s deficit forecast for this fiscal year was \$13.6 billion, and the forecast will be updated on April 20 with Budget 2021.

9. Budget 2020 did not reflect the additional costs for COVID-19 supports and programs – how can you be sure it will be enough?

- We are confident we have enough of an interim supply to fund all programs and services until Budget 2021.

• s.13

10. Will the interim supply bill support the continuation of COVID-19 programs and services that were supposed to end at the end of the fiscal year?

- While some StrongerBC programs are designed to end with the fiscal year, we are continuing to support people's lives and livelihoods throughout the pandemic. For example:
 - Up to 3.7 million British Columbians are eligible for the BC Recovery Benefit, where individuals can apply to receive up to \$500 and families up to \$1000.
 - We recently announced a total of \$20 million in grants through the Community Economic Recovery Infrastructure Program for projects in communities throughout B.C. to develop destination tourism.
- The development of Budget 2021 includes looking at what we have done so far to ensure the Province's supports and services are working for the people, businesses and communities they were created for, as well as supports needed in the future.
- We will share more details as we lead up to and release Budget 2021.

11. Which COVID-19 supports and programs will not receive interim supply?

- Many of StrongerBC's programs are designed to end with the fiscal year; however, we are continuing to support people's lives and livelihoods throughout the pandemic.
- The development of Budget 2021 includes looking at what we have done so far to ensure the Province's supports and services are working for the people, businesses and communities they were created for, as well as supports needed in the future.
- We will share more details as we lead up to and release Budget 2021.

12. What about xx program/support ending with the 2020 fiscal year – will you extend it like you did the Small- and Medium-sized Business Grants? If not, where will that money go?

- Some programs were designed to end with the fiscal year; however, we are listening to British Columbians and reviewing all of the Province's existing COVID-19 supports.
- The development of Budget 2021 includes looking at what we have done so far to ensure the Province's supports and services are working for the people, businesses and communities they were created for, as well as supports needed in the future.
- We will share more details with the release of Budget 2021.
- Regardless of budget timing, we will continue to help support people's lives and livelihoods throughout the pandemic.

13. What about people on Income and Disability Assistance whose recovery supplement is ending in March? Will they receive an additional payment to get to Budget 2021?

- COVID-19 has disproportionately affected low- or no- income people who are feeling the pressure of keeping themselves and their families safe and supported.
- The BC Recovery Supplement supports people on income and disability assistance and low-income seniors with an additional \$150 each month to help them through this stage of the pandemic.
- We are working to ensure that there is money for the programs that are helping people now and planning ahead to B.C.'s future and a strong economic recovery.

14. Will Budget 2021 include a permanent rate increase for people receiving income and disability assistance?

- We are listening to the community and to advocates – and we are committed to doing better when it comes to supporting some of our most vulnerable populations.
- We are reviewing the need for ongoing health, social and economic COVID-19 supports and services for consideration as part of Budget 2021.

TAB 3 – Third Reading Notes & Committee Notes

Insert Third Reading Notes & Committee Notes

(Third Reading Notes & Committee Notes in Development)

House Leader calls for committee of the whole on Bill 10 (Supply Act (No. 1), 2021)

The Speaker calls on the Deputy Speaker to take the Chair in Committee.

* * * * *

(In Committee)

Chair calls the committee to order – considers bill section by section

To Be Approved:

Section 1

Section 2

Section 3

Section 4

Section 5

Preamble

Title

Chair acknowledges the Minister of Finance

Minister rises and moves:

**HONOURABLE CHAIR, I MOVE THAT THE
COMMITTEE RISE AND REPORT THE BILL
COMPLETE WITHOUT AMENDMENT.**

Chair puts the motion and then rises

* * * * *

In the House

Speaker resumes the Chair

The Committee Chair reports, "Bill 10 complete without amendment."

Speaker asks, "When shall the bill be read a third time?"

Minister of Finance:

NOW HONOURABLE SPEAKER

The Speaker puts the question:

"The question is third reading of Bill 10."

Upon the Motion passing, the Speaker announces:

"It is an Act intituled Supply Act (No. 1), 2021."

COMMITTEE NOTES

BILL 10

Supply Act (No.1), 2021
(Interim Supply)

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Section	Notes
<p>Preamble</p> <p>WHEREAS it appears by Message from the Honourable the Lieutenant Governor that provision is required to defray certain expenses of the public service of the Province, and for other purposes connected with the public service, for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022;</p> <p>AND WHEREAS that provision is required before the main Estimates for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022 are presented to the Legislative Assembly;</p> <p>THEREFORE HER MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, enacts as follows:</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • An interim supply bill is common practice to ensure current supports and services can continue while the new Budget is debated in the Legislature. • As in other years, the Interim Supply Bill provides temporary legal authority for the government to continue the programs and services into the new fiscal year. • s.12 •

Interpretation

1 (1) In this Act, “main Estimates for the previous fiscal year” means the main Estimates for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2021, as laid before the Legislative Assembly at the fifth session of the forty-first Parliament.

(2) For the purposes of this Act, the main Estimates for the previous fiscal year are to be read as if they were the main Estimates for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

(3) Despite section 2 of the Financial Administration Act, a reference in section 23 of that Act is to be read in relation to this Act as a reference to the main Estimates for the previous fiscal year.

- This Interim Supply Bill is based on the main Estimates for the *previous* fiscal year, ending March 31, 2021 since main Estimates for March 31, 2022 have not yet been tabled. This has necessitated that certain things are defined differently than in other years, which is done through this section.
- This section realigns this interim supply act with the Estimates for 2020/2021. This “realignment” has the effect that those previous-year Estimates can now serve as if they were the Estimates of 2021/2022 for the purpose of this Interim Supply Bill, and all the spending authority in Voted Appropriations in those Estimates will apply in the new fiscal year.

• s.12

Voted expenses appropriation

- 2** From and out of the consolidated revenue fund there may be paid and applied in the manner and at the times the government may determine the sum of \$12 305 108 000 towards defraying the charges and expenses of the public service of the Province for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

•

•

•

Voted financing transactions appropriation

- 3** From and out of the consolidated revenue fund there may be paid and applied in the manner and at the times the government may determine the sum of \$365 162 000 towards
- (a) capital expenditures referred to in Schedule C of the main Estimates for the previous fiscal year, and
 - (b) the disbursements for loans, investments and other requirements referred to in Schedule D of the main Estimates for the previous fiscal year.

- This interim supply act provides for one-third of the total financing transactions for capital spending and disbursements for loans and investments, based on the Estimates for 2020/21.
- Expenditures for voted capital spending are detailed in Schedule C of the main Estimates. These are capital investments for assets that are owned directly by the government, such as office buildings and IM/IT in the Ministry of Citizens Services.
- Disbursements for loans, investments and other requirements are detailed in Schedule D of the main Estimates, and includes the financing of student loans and property tax deferment.
- These expenditures and disbursements are not evenly distributed throughout the year and the higher proportion of appropriation is required to account for the timing of payments.
- These financing transactions are balance sheet transactions (cash payments that are not recorded as CRF expenses).

<p>Voted revenue transfers appropriation</p> <p>4 From and out of the consolidated revenue fund there may be paid and applied in the manner and at the times the government may determine the sum of \$722 125 000 for disbursements referred to in Schedule E of the main Estimates for the previous fiscal year.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provides half of the year's requirements for "Revenues Collected For, and Transferred To, Other Entities" based on the 2020-2021 Estimates. • s.12 • • There is no impact on the surplus, borrowing or debt from these particular financing transactions.
<p>Commencement</p> <p>5 This Act comes into force on the date of Royal Assent.</p>	

Calculations for Committee Notes and Supply Bill, Supply Act (No. 1), 2021 (Interim Supply)

Note for 2021/22 - the 2021/22 main Estimates will not have been presented, therefore amounts are based on 2020/21 figures

	Total voted	Portion	Supply Amt	Ref
Operating Voted	49,220,431	25.0%	12,305,108	Pg. 13 / 200
Schedule C	513,698	33.3%	171,233	Pg. 196
Schedule D	581,787	33.3%	193,929	Pg. 197
Scd C+D			365,162	
Schedule E	1,444,250	50.0%	722,125	Pg. 198

ed on 2020/21 main Estimates.

Appropriation	Section	Portion	Amount
Voted expenses appropriation	1	3/12	\$12 305 108 000
Voted financing transactions appropriation	2	1/3	\$365 162 000
Voted revenue transfers appropriation	3	1/2	\$722 125 000

TAB 4 – Supply Act (No. 1), 2021

Insert Supply Act

(Remove draft. Draft included for reference purposes.)

Page 42 of 45 to/à Page 43 of 45

Withheld pursuant to/removed as

s.12 ; s.14

Year	Number of Months First Interim Supply Bill	Procedure	Date First Interim Supply Bill Passed	Date 2 nd Interim Supply Bill Passed	Date of Final Supply Bill	Date of Supplementary Supply Bill(s)
2020/21	9	Conventional	March 23, 2020	N/A	August 14, 2020	No. 1 – March 23, 2020 (w/ Interim No. 2) No. 2 – August 14, 2020 (w/ Final Supply) No. 3 – December 17, 2020
2020/21	3	Conventional	Superseded	N/A	N/A	
2019/20	3	Conventional	March 7, 2019	N/A	May 30, 2019	
2018/19	2	Conventional	March 12, 2018	N/A	May 31, 2018	Supp Estimate passed Mar 6, 2019
2017/18	6	Conventional	March 7, 2017	Sep 21, 2017	Nov 10, 2017	
2016/17	2	With Leave	March 10, 2016	N/A	May 19, 2016	
2015/16	2	Conventional	March 25, 2015	N/A	May 28, 2015	
2014/15	2	Conventional	March 24, 2014	N/A	May 29, 2014	
2013/14	6	Conventional	March 7, 2013	N/A	July 25, 2013	
2012/13	2	Conventional	March 26, 2012	N/A	May 31, 2012	
2011/12	4	Conventional	February 17, 2011	N/A	June 2, 2011	
2010/11	2	Conventional	March 23, 2010	N/A	June 3, 2010	
2009/10	5	Conventional	March 10, 2009	August 31, 2009	November 26, 2009	
2008/09	2	Conventional	February 26, 2008	N/A	May 29, 2008	March 4, 2009
2007/08	2	Conventional	March 26, 2007	N/A	May 31, 2007	February 26, 2008
2006/07	2	Conventional	March 20, 2006	N/A	May 18, 2006	February 28, 2007
2005/06	6	Conventional	March 10, 2005	September 22, 2005	November 24, 2005	February 23, 2006
2004/05	2	Conventional	March 31, 2004	N/A	May 20, 2004	Supp Estimate (1) passed with Final Supply Supp Estimates (2-11) March 3, 2005
2003/04	2	Conventional	March 27, 2003	N/A	May 28, 2003	March 31, 2004 February 25, 2004 November 25, 2003 May 28, 2003
2002/03	2	Conventional	March 28, 2002	N/A	April 30, 2002	
2001/02	4	S.O. 81	March 29, 2001	July 31, 2001	August 27, 2001	March 28, 2002 March 14, 2002
2000/01	3	S.O. 81	March 30, 2000	June 29, 2000	July 6, 2000	March 27, 2001 December 8, 2000 September 17, 2000
1999/00	3	S.O. 81	April 1, 1999	June 29, 1999	July 15, 1999	

Year	Number of Months First Interim Supply Bill	Procedure	Date First Interim Supply Bill Passed	Date 2 nd Interim Supply Bill Passed	Date of Final Supply Bill	Date of Supplementary Supply Bill(s)
1998/99	3	S.O. 81	March 31, 1998	June 30, 1998	July 30, 1998	
1997/98	3	S.O. 81	March 28, 1997	June 27, 1997	July 30, 1997	
1996/97	5	S.O. 81	June 27, 1996	N/A	August 14, 1996	
1995/96	3	S.O. 81	March 31, 1995	N/A	June 29, 1995	
1994/95	3	Conventional	March 31, 1994	N/A	June 20, 1994	
1993/94	3	S.O. 81	March 31, 1993	June 30, 1993	July 29, 1993	
1992/93	3	S.O. 81	March 31, 1992	N/A	June 30, 1992	
1991/92	3	S.O. 81	June 3, 1991	N/A	June 27, 1991	
1990/91	4	S.O. 81	April 26, 1990	N/A	July 27, 1990	
1989/90	3	S.O. 81	March 31, 1989	June 28, 1989	July 20, 1989	
1988/89	3	With Leave	March 24, 1988	N/A	June 29, 1988	
1987/88	3	S.O. 81	March 24, 1987	June 29, 1987	July 16, 1987	
1986/87	3	S.O. 81	March 27, 1986	N/A	June 17, 1986	